## CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

Holden McNerney Saxton Holt McNulty Schakowsky Honda Meehan Hooley Meek (FL) Schwartz Hoyer Meeks (NY) Scott (GA) Inslee Melancon Scott (VA) Israel Michaud Serrano Jackson (IL) Millender-Sestak Jackson-Lee McDonald Shea-Porter Miller (FL) (TX) Sherman Jefferson Miller (MI) Shuler Jindal Miller (NC) Simpson Johnson (GA) Miller, George Sires Johnson (IL) Mitchell Skelton Johnson, E. B. Mollohan Slaughter Jones (OH) Moore (KS) Smith (NJ) Kagen Moore (WI) Smith (WA) Kanjorski Moran (KS) Snyder Kaptur Moran (VA) Solis Kennedy Murphy (CT) Murphy, Patrick Murphy, Tim Space Kildee Spratt Kilpatrick Murtha Stark King (IA) Stupak Muserave King (NY) Nadler Sutton Kingston Napolitano Tancredo Klein (FL) Neal (MA) Tanner Kucinich Oberstar Tauscher Kuhl (NY) Obey Taylor Olver Lamborn Terry Lampson OrtizThompson (CA) Langevin Pallone Thompson (MS) Pascrell Lantos Tierney Larsen (WA) Pastor Towns Larson (CT) Paul Turner LaTourette Pavne Udall (CO) Pelosi Lee Udall (NM) Levin Pence Van Hollen Lewis (GA) Perlmutter Velázquez Lipinski Peterson (MN) Visclosky LoBiondo Platts Walden (OR) Loebsack Pomeroy Walsh (NY) Lofgren, Zoe Price (NC) Walz (MN) Lowey Rahall Wasserman Ramstad Lynch Schultz Mack Rangel Waters Mahoney (FL) Renzi Watson Maloney (NY) Reyes Watt Marchant Rodriguez Waxman Markey Ross Weiner Rothman Marshall Welch (VT) Matheson Roybal-Allard Weller Matsui Ruppersberger McCarthy (NY) Rush Wexler Wilson (OH) Ryan (OH) McCollum (MN) Wolf McCotter Salazar McDermott Sali Woolsev McGovern McHenry Sánchez, Linda Wu Wynn Sanchez, Loretta McHugh Yarmuth McIntyre Sarbanes Young (FL) NOT VOTING-4 Miller, Gary Buver Knollenberg Norwood □ 1702

Mr. GINGREY changed his vote from "aye" to "no."

Mr. SHAYS changed his vote from "no" to "aye."

So the motion to recommit was re-

The result of the vote was announced

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

## RECORDED VOTE

a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 315, noes 116, not voting 4, as follows:

## [Roll No. 18]

Meeks (NY)

Melancon

Michaud

Millender-

Miller (MI)

Miller (NC)

Mitchell

Mollohan

Moore (KS)

Moore (WI)

Moran (KS)

Moran (VA)

Murphy (CT)

Murphy, Tim

Napolitano

Neal (MA)

Oberstar

Obey

Olver

Ortiz

Pallone

Pascrell

Pastor

Payne

Pelosi

Petri

Platts

Pomeroy

Rahall

Ramstad

Rangel

Price (NC)

Pryce (OH)

Poe

Perlmutter

Peterson (MN)

Peterson (PA)

Murtha

Nadler

Murphy, Patrick

McDonald

Miller, George

Abercrombie

Ackerman

Aderholt

Allen

Altmire

Andrews

Arcuri

Bachus

Baldwin

Barrow

Becerra.

Berkley

Berman

Biggert

Bonner

Boozman

Bono

Boren

Boswell

Boucher

Boyd (FL)

Boyda (KS)

Brady (PA)

Braley (IA)

Ginny

Buchanan

Capito

Capps

Capuano

Cardoza

Carney

Carson

Castle

Castor

Clarke

Cleaver

Clyburn

Conyers

Costello

Courtney

Crenshaw

Cummings

Davis (AL)

Davis (CA)

Davis (IL)

Davis (KY)

DeFazio

DeGette

Delahunt

DeLauro

Dent

Dingell

Doggett

Dovle

Duncan

Edwards

Ehlers

Ellison

Ellsworth

Emanuel

Emerson

Engel English (PA)

Eshoo

Etheridge

Everett

Fattah

Ferguson

Donnelly

Davis, Jo Ann

Davis, Lincoln

Diaz-Balart, L.

Diaz-Balart, M.

Crowley

Cuellar

Cramer

Cooper

Costa

Cohen

Clay

Chandler

Carnahan

Butterfield

Brown, Corrine

Brown-Waite.

Bilirakis

Bishop (GA)

Bishop (NY)

Blumenauer

Berry

Bean

Baird

Baca

Alexander

AYES-315 Filner Forbes Fossella Frank (MA) Frelinghuysen Gerlach Giffords Gilchrest Gillibrand Gillmor Gonzalez Goode Goodlatte GordonGreen, Al Green, Gene Grijalva Gutierrez Hall (NY) Hare Harman Hastings (FL) Hayes Herseth Higgins Hill Hinchey Hinoiosa Hirono Hodes Holden Holt Honda Hooley Hover Hulshof Inslee

Israel

Jackson (IL)

Jackson-Lee

Johnson (IL)

Jones (NC)

Jones (OH)

Kanjorski

Kagen

Kaptur

Keller

Kildee

Kind

Kirk

Kennedy

Kilpatrick

King (NY)

Klein (FL)

Kucinich Kuhl (NY)

LaHood

Lampson

Langevin

Larsen (WA)

Larson (CT)

LaTourette

Lewis (GA)

Lipinski

LoBiondo

Loebsack

Marchant

Markey

Marshall

Matheson

McCotter

McDermott

McGovern

McHugh

McIntyre

McNerney

Meehan Meek (FL)

McNulty

Matsui

Lowey

Lynch

Lofgren, Zoe

Lantos

Latham

Lee

Levin

(TX)

Jefferson

Jindal

Regula Johnson (GA) Reichert Renzi Johnson, E. B. Reyes Rodriguez Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Ros-Lehtinen Rothman Roybal-Allard Ruppersberger Rush Ryan (OH) Salazar Sánchez Linda T. Sanchez, Loretta Sarbanes Saxton Schakowsky Schiff Schmidt Schwartz Scott (GA) Scott (VA) Serrano Sestak Shays Shea-Porter Sherman Shimkus Shuler Simpson Sires Skelton Mahoney (FL) Slaughter Maloney (NY) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Snyder Solis Space McCarthy (NY) Spratt McCollum (MN) Stark Stearns Stupak Sutton Tanner Tauscher Taylor Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Tierney

Turner Udall (CO) Udall (NM) Upton Van Hollen Velázquez Visclosky Walden (OR) Walsh (NY) Walz (MN)

Wamp Wasserman Waters Watson Watt Waxman Weiner Welch (VT) Weller

Whitfield Wilson (NM) Wilson (OH) Wolf Woolsev Wu Wynn Yarmuth Young (AK) Young (FL)

Musgrave

## NOES-116

Schultz

Gallegly Akin Garrett (NJ) Bachmann Baker Gingrey Barrett (SC) Gohmert Bartlett (MD) Granger Barton (TX) Graves Bilbray Hall (TX) Bishop (UT) Hastert Hastings (WA) Blackburn Blunt Heller Boehner Hensarling Boustany Herger Brady (TX) Hobson Brown (SC) Hoekstra Burgess Hunter Burton (IN) Inglis (SC) Calvert Camp (MI) Issa Johnson, Sam Campbell (CA) Jordan Cannon King (IA) Cantor Kingston Kline (MN) Carter Chabot Lamborn Coble Lewis (CA) Cole (OK) Lewis (KY) Conaway Cubin Linder Lucas Culberson Lungren, Daniel Davis, David E. Mack Davis, Tom Deal (GA) Manzullo McCarthy (CA) McCaul (TX) Doolittle Drake Dreier McCrery Fallin. McHenry Feeney McKeon Flake McMorris Fortenberry Rodgers Foxx Franks (AZ) Miller (FL)

Myrick Neugebauer Nunes Paul Pearce Pence Pickering Pitts Porter Price (GA) Putnam Radanovich Rehberg Reynolds Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Roskam Royce Ryan (WI) Sali Sensenbrenner Sessions Shadegg Shuster Smith (NE) Souder Sullivan Tancredo Terry Thornberry Tiahrt Tiberi Walberg Weldon (FL) Westmoreland

Wicker

Wilson (SC)

## NOT VOTING-

Miller, Gary Buyer Knollenberg Norwood

## $\Box$ 1710

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. SIRES). Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings on House Resolution 15 will resume tomorrow.

## □ 1715

### ELECTION OF MEMBERS TO COM-MITTEE onTRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Mr. EMANUEL. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Democratic Caucus. I offer a privileged resolution (H. Res. 47) and ask for its immediate consideration

The Clerk read the resolution, as fol-

## H. RES. 47

Resolved, That the following named Members and Delegate be and are hereby elected to the following standing committee of the House of Representatives:

as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

Mr. LINDER. Mr. Speaker, I demand

(1) COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND IN-FRASTRUCTURE.-Mr. Rahall, Mr. DeFazio, Mr. Costello, Ms. Norton, Mr. Nadler, Ms. Corrine Brown of Florida, Mr. Filner, Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, Mr. Taylor of Mississippi, Ms. Millender-McDonald, Mr. Cummings, Mrs. Tauscher, Mr. Boswell, Mr. Holden, Mr. Baird, Mr. Larsen of Washington, Mr. Capuano, Ms. Carson, Mr. Bishop of New York, Mr. Michaud, Mr. Higgins, Mr. Carnahan, Mr. Salazar, Mrs. Napolitano, Mr. Lipinski, Mr. Lampson, Mr. Space, Ms. Hirono, Mr. Braley of Iowa, Mr. Altmire, Mr. Walz of Minnesota, Mr. Shuler, Mr. Arcuri, Mr. Mitchell, Mr. Carney, Mr. Hall of New York, Mr. Kagen, Mr. Cohen, Mr. McNerney.

Mr. EMANUEL (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be considered as read and printed in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

# REMEMBERING ARTHUR "PETE" SINGLETON

(Mr. McCRERY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks)

Mr. McCRERY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to inform my colleagues of the passing of Arthur "Pete" Singleton, former chief of staff of the Ways and Means Committee, who died this past Saturday. Pete was a great guy who served this country in a variety of ways, beginning with his Marine service and ending as the staff director of the majority Ways and Means Committee for Chairman Bill Archer.

Pete retired for the second time in 2000. Upon his retirement, Chairman Archer summarized Pete's contributions. He said, "It was he who, in 1977, drafted the minority Social Security proposals, most of which later became law. Most recently, he oversaw the committee's intensive efforts during action on the historic 1997 Balanced Budget Act and Taxpayer Relief Act, as well as legislation to repeal the Social Security earnings limit."

Chairman Archer went on to describe the quality of Pete's service to the committee and to our country: "Pete Singleton is one of the most loyal people I have ever known. His first thought has always been: How does this impact the committee? He is one of the hardest working staff persons I have known and has sacrificed much of his personal life for the committee. He possesses a sharp wit and a quick mind. He is a true gentleman in every sense and a wonderful human being."

It was my privilege to serve on the committee when Pete served as chief of staff. I came to rely on Pete as a steady and trusted leader and often utilized his counsel based on his vast expertise and experience.

On behalf of the current and former members of our committee, we commemorate Pete's outstanding contributions to the committee that he so loved and to our Nation. Our thoughts and prayers remain with his devoted wife, Libby, and all Pete's family, friends and colleagues.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today to inform my colleagues of the passing of Arthur "Pete" Singleton, former Chief of Staff of the Committee on Ways and Means, who died this past Saturday.

Pete began his service to his country as a Marine in World War II. He joined the Republican Committee staff in 1970 as Deputy Staff Director, following two successful careers, one in journalism as a reporter and editor and one for the former U.S. Steel Company.

Pete soon became expert in the complex issue areas of Social Security and international trade. In 1981, Pete was appointed as Republican Staff Director. He served in that position until 1988, when he retired for the first time.

After spending time writing, along with serving on the Social Security Advisory Board, 8 years later Chairman Bill Archer of Texas asked Pete to return to the Committee on Ways and Means to serve as Majority Chief of Staff, a position which he held until his second retirement in October of 2000.

Upon his retirement, Chairman Archer summarized Pete's contributions as follows:

"It was he, who in 1977, drafted the Minority Social Security proposals, most of which later became law. Most recently, he oversaw the Committee's intensive efforts during action on the historic 1997 Balanced Budget Act and Taxpayer Relief Act, as well as legislation to repeal the Social Security earnings limit."

Even more poignant, however, was what Chairman Archer said about the quality of Pete's service to the Committee and our country.

try.

"Pete Singleton is one of the most loyal people I have ever known. His first thought has always been "How does this impact the Committee?" He is one of the hardest working staff persons I have known, and has sacrificed much of his personal life for the Committee. He possesses a sharp wit and a quick mind. He is a true gentleman in every sense, and a wonderful human being."

It was my privilege to serve on the Committee when Pete served as Chief of Staff. I came to rely on Pete as a steady and trusted leader, and often utilized his counsel based on his vast expertise and experience.

On behalf of the current and former members of our committee, we commemorate Pete's outstanding contributions to the Committee that he so loved, and to our Nation. Our thoughts and prayers remain with his devoted wife Libby, and all Pete's family, friends, and colleagues.

## NINETEENTH AMENDMENT

(Mr. KAGEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. KAGEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize that it was on this day, as pointed out earlier by my freshman colleague, BRUCE BAILEY from Iowa, January 10, 1918, that the House of Representatives first voted to give women the right to vote by approving the 19th amendment to the Constitution of these United States.

The State of Wisconsin became the first State to ratify the amendment. And following Wisconsin's lead, two-thirds of the States approved the amendment which became the law of the land. The 19th amendment gave women their full rights as citizens.

It says, simply, citizens of the United States shall not be denied the right to vote on account of sex. The 19th amendment brought this Nation one step closer to fulfilling the promises enunciated by our Founders.

As the first Chamber of Congress to approve the amendment, we showed the way, and the Senate followed.

This Chamber took another historic step recently in fulfilling the promise of America's freedoms by electing Speaker NANCY PELOSI as the first woman to hold the position of Speaker of the House.

## THE KUCINICH PLAN FOR IRAQ

(Mr. KUCINICH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KUCINICH. Mr. Speaker, the administration is preparing to escalate the conflict. They intend to increase troop numbers to unprecedented levels, without establishing an ending date. It is important for Congress to oppose the troop surge. But that is not enough. We must respond powerfully to take steps to end the occupation, close U.S. bases in Iraq and bring our troops home. These steps are necessary conditions to the U.S. extricating itself from Iraq through the establishment of an international security and peacekeeping force.

That is what the Kucinich plan which I am presenting Members of Congress today is all about. Congress as a coequal branch of government has an urgent responsibility here. Congress under article I, section 8, has the warmaking power. Congress appropriates funds for the war. Congress does not dispense with its obligation to the American people simply by opposing a troop surge in Iraq. It is simply not credible to maintain that one opposes the war and yet continues to fund it. If you oppose the war, then don't vote to fund it.

## THE KUCINICH PLAN FOR IRAQ

DEAR COLLEAGUE: In November of 2006, after an October upsurge in violence in Iraq, the American people moved decisively to reject Republican rule, principally because of the conduct of the war. Democratic leaders well understand we regained control of the Congress because of the situation in Iraq. However, two months later, the Congress is still searching for a plan around which it can unite to hasten the end of U.S. involvement in Iraq and the return home of 140,000 U.S. troops

The Administration is preparing to escalate the conflict. They intend to increase troop numbers to unprecedented levels, without establishing an ending date. It is important for Congress to oppose the troop surge. But that is not enough. We must respond powerfully to take steps to end the occupation, close U.S. bases in Iraq and bring our